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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE                        | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR         | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.   | CONFIRMATION NO. |  |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| 09/936,205      | 10/29/2001                         | Richard Anthony Godwin Smith | 37945-0024            | 2596             |  |
| 26633 7         | 590 10/13/2005                     |                              | EXAMINER              |                  |  |
|                 | RMAN WHITE & MC                    | ROOKE, AGNES BEATA           |                       |                  |  |
|                 | ISLAND AVE, NW<br>N, DC 20036-3001 |                              | ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER |                  |  |
|                 | •                                  |                              | 1653                  |                  |  |

DATE MAILED: 10/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  | į  | Application No.  | Applicant(s)   |          |
|--|--|--|--|----------|
|  |  | 09/936,205   | SMITH ET AL.   | Ø        |
| . ,  | Office Action Summary  | Examiner   | Art Unit   |          |
|  |  | Agnes B. Rooke   | 1653   |          |
| Period fo  | The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply  | opears on the cover sheet wi   | th the correspondence address  |          |
| WHIC<br>- Exte<br>after<br>- If NC<br>- Failu<br>Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED IN THE MAILING IN THE WAILING IN THE WAILIN | DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC<br>.136(a). In no event, however, may a red<br>d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON<br>tte, cause the application to become AB | CATION.  apply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communic  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |          |
| Status   |  |  |  | •        |
| 1)[🛛   | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22   | June 2005  |  |          |
|  |  | is action is non-final.  |  |          |
|  | ,—   |  | ers prosecution as to the ment   | is is    |
| ٥,۵  | closed in accordance with the practice under   | •  | •  | .5 15    |
| <u>.</u>   | ·  |  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  | ,        |
| •  | ion of Claims  |  |  |          |
| 4)⊠  | Claim(s) 9,14 and 16-22 is/are pending in the  | e application.   |  |          |
|  | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr  | awn from consideration.  |  |          |
| 5)   | Claim(s) is/are allowed.   |  |  |          |
| 6)⊠  | Claim(s) <u>9,14 and 16-22</u> is/are rejected.  |  |  |          |
| 7)   | Claim(s) is/are objected to.   |  |  |          |
| . 8)□  | Claim(s) are subject to restriction and  | or election requirement.   |  |          |
| Applicat   | ion Papers   |  |  |          |
| 9) 🖂   | The specification is objected to by the Examir   | ner.   |  |          |
|  | The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac  |  | by the Examiner.   |          |
| . • /  | Applicant may not request that any objection to th   | • • • •  | ·  |          |
|  | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre   |  |  | 21(d)    |
| 11)  | The oath or declaration is objected to by the B  |  |  |          |
| •  |  | Examinor: Note the attached  |  |          |
| Priority (   | under 35 U.S.C. § 119  |  |  |          |
|  | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig   | n priority under 35 U.S.C. §   | 119(a)-(d) or (f).   |          |
| a)   | ⊠ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  |  |  |          |
|  | 1. Certified copies of the priority docume   | nts have been received.  |  |          |
|  | 2. Certified copies of the priority docume   | nts have been received in A  | pplication No  | •        |
|  | 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri   | iority documents have been   | received in this National Stage  | <b>;</b> |
|  | application from the International Bure  | au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).   |  |          |
| * (  | See the attached detailed Office action for a lis  | st of the certified copies not   | received.  |          |
|  |  |  |  |          |
|  |  |  |  |          |
| Attachmen  | nt(s)  |  |  |          |
| 1) Notic   | ce of References Cited (PTO-892)   |  | Summary (PTO-413)  |          |
| 2) Notic   | ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   | Paper No(s   | s)/Mail Date   |          |
| 3) 🔀 Infor   | mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0<br>er No(s)/Mail Date <u>Nov2</u> 子/01 ン イの 25/02 テラー   |  | nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)   |          |
|  | Frademark Office   |  | <del></del>  |          |

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 22 June 2005 has been entered.

Claims 1-8, 10-13, 15 are canceled. Claims 9, 14, and 16-22 are under examination.

New Objections and Rejections are necessitated by the Applicant's Amendment.

## Objection to Specification

All priority data must be placed in the first paragraph of the specification.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not

described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 9 does not recite activity of "a fragment of complement receptor" of the SEQ ID NO:1. The written description requirement is not satisfied because the structure of the fragment does not correspond with its function.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 9, 14, 16, 17, 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Rittershaus et al. (U.S. 6,193,979 B1). Rittershaus et al. teach that compositions that comprise a complement-related protein (CR1) in combination with the Lewis X antigen or the sialyl Lewis X antigen, a carbohydrate moiety. Rittershaus et al. teach a soluble CR1 peptide, sCR1, and their use where organs prepared for transplant are perfused with the peptides. Alternatively, organs for transplantation are stored in solutions containing the peptides (see column 36, line 15). Rittershaus et al. teach formulations of the peptides with excipents including, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol (see column 37 regarding claim 14). The soluble CR1 peptides of Rittershaus et al. would inherently comprise SCRs, the sequence of 2 to 197 of SEQ ID

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NO:1, and membrane binding elements consistent with claims 16-17. Thus, the reference clearly anticipates the invention as recited in the claims.

Further, in Figure 4, column 11, Rittershaus et al. describes the protective effects of sCR1 from lung injury induced by CVF; where Figure 4B shows the measurement of the reduction over control of hemorrhage assured by a red blood cell leakage into the lung from the blood vessel, for example. (see column 11 regarding claims 19-21).

Claims 9, 14, 17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 192(e) as being anticipated by Smith et al. (U.S. 6,713,606 B1). Smith et al. teach CR1, which would comprise SCRs and membrane binding elements consistent with claim 17. Further, Smith et al. teach soluble CR1 polypeptide that is derivatized with a myristoyl group (See column 17, line 55 regarding claim 18). At column 18, Smith et al. teach the use of peptides for Post-Ischemic Reperfusion Conditions. Thus, the reference clearly anticipates the invention as recited in the claims.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 9, 14, 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Rittershaus et al. (U.S. 6,193,979 B1) in view of Smith et al. (U.S. 6,713,606

B1). Rittershaus et al. teach compositions that comprise a complement-related protein (CR1) in combination with the Lewis X antigen or the sialyl Lewis X antigen, a carbohydrate moiety. Rittershaus et al. teach a soluble CR1 peptide, sCR1, and their use where organs prepared for transplant are perfused with the peptides. Alternatively, organs for transplantation are stored in solutions containing the peptides (see column 36, line 15). Rittershaus et al. teach formulations of the peptides with excipents including, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol (see column 37 regarding claim 14). The soluble CR1 peptides of Rittershaus et al. would inherently comprises SCRs, the sequence of 2 to 197 of SEQ ID NO:1, and membrane binding elements consistent with claims 16 and 17.

Further, in Figure 4, column 11, Rittershaus et al. describes the protective effects of sCR1 from lung injury induced by CVF; where Figure 4B shows the measurement of the reduction over control of hemorrhage assured by a red blood cell leakage into the lung from the blood vessel, for example. (see column 11 regarding claims 19-21).

Rittershaus et al. does not teach complement–related protein (CR1) in combination with a myristoyl group.

Smith et al. teach soluble CR1 polypeptide derivatized with a myristoyl group (see column 17, line 55 regarding claim 18).

It would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the myristoylated CR1 polypeptide of Smith et al. for the CR1-lewis antigen composition in the method of perfusing an organ, where the organ is a lung, a heart, or a kidney, for a prevention of ischemic reperfusion injury as taught by

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Rittershaus et al. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make the above substitution because both compositions are taught as having uses in the prevention of post-ischemic reperfusion injuries. Thus, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have expected success in perfusing an organ with the myristoylated CR1 polypeptide of Smith et al. Therefore, the claimed invention is within the ordinary skill in the art to make and use at the time it was made and was as a whole, prima facie obvious.

# Applicants' Arguments and Examiner's Response

Applicant, in the Remarks submitted on 06/23/2005, states that Rittershaus et al. relates to a composition comprising complement proteins related to the CR1 and that Smith et al. relates to soluble derivatives of soluble peptides, and that the present claims are not directed to such composition or derivatives, but rather inventive methods of use for soluble derivatives, and that such references do not teach or suggest methods for preparing an organ by perfusion prior to transplantation or storage.

Examiner respectfully disagrees because Rittershaus et al. teach a soluble CR1 peptide, sCR1, and their use where organs prepared for transplant are perfused with the peptides. Alternatively, organs for transplantation are stored in solutions containing the peptides (see column 36, line 15).

Further, Applicants stated that Rittershaus et al. disclosed a CR1 that was modified by glycoform manipulation and that such modification is not possible for SEQ

ID NO:1. However, claims as currently written, would be anticipated by Rittershaus et al. Therefore, rejection of claims 9, 14, 17, and 18 still stands under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Rittershaus et al.

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Claims 9, 14, 17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Smith et al. (U.S. 6, 713, 606 B1). Smith et al. teach CR1 and membrane binding elements consistent with claim 17. Further, Smith et al. teach that soluble CR1 polypeptide is derivatized with a myristoyl group (see column 17, line 55 regarding claim 18). At column 8, Smith et al. teach the use of the peptides for Post –Ischemic Reperfusion Conditions. Thus, the reference clearly anticipates the invention as recited in the claims.

In the response regarding Smith et al., Applicants discussed unexpected results obtained by using the recited soluble derivative, which encompasses APT"070."

However, examiner finds that discussion irrelevant because APT "070" constituted a new matter as presented previously by the Applicant (See Advisory Action 06/01/2005).

Therefore rejection of claims 9, 14, 17, and 18 still stands under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Smith et al.

### Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Agnes Rooke whose telephone number is 571-272-2055. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jon Weber can be reached on 571-273-0925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status

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information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have

questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197.

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KAREN COCHRANE CARLSON, PH.D.

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